

	Policy Observed	Filed/Effective	Purpose	Permissible Uses	Prohibited Uses	Consequences of Violation	Exceptions to Prohibited Uses	Exceptions to Permissible Uses	Provisions for notice	Previous/related policies
Arizona (Arizona Supreme Court; Phoenix, AZ)	Rule 122.1 (http://www.azcourts.gov/Portals/20/2013%20Aug%20Rules/R%2013%200013.pdf)	Filed August 28th, 2013	<i>"Specifies the permitted and prohibited uses of portable electronic devices in a courthouse."</i>	- Attorneys, parties, and members of the public: Retrieving/storing information, accessing the internet, sending/receiving information (texts, emails, etc.) inside the courtroom - ALL: Photography and audio/video recording outside of courtroom - JURORS: Using device for allowable purposes during breaks - WITNESSES: Using device while testifying with permission of a judge - ALL (Implied): Carrying device on person	- ALL: Photography and audio/video recording inside the courtroom (in instances described in Rule 122) - ALL: Photography and audio/video recording of individuals without their consent outside of the courtroom - ALL: Making/receiving calls and using other audible functions during a session - JURORS: Having device on inside the courtroom and jury room during deliberations and case-relevant discussions - WITNESSES: Having volume on while inside the courtroom, and using device without permission of judge while testifying	<i>"A violation of this rule may be punishable as contempt."</i>	With permission of the court, making/receiving calls or using other audible functions during a session	- <i>"Court may adopt further reasonable limits on photography and audio/video recording in a courthouse that are not inconsistent with this rule or with Rule 122."</i> - Judges, Clerks, and court administrators may "limit or terminate activity that is disruptive to court operations or that compromises courthouse security"	<i>"A court must use reasonable means to advise courthouse visitors of the provisions of this rule."</i>	Rule 122 (http://www.azcourts.gov/Portals/20/2013%20Aug%20Rules/R%2013%200012b.pdf)
Kansas (Kansas Supreme Court; Topeka, KS)	Rule 1002 (http://www.kscourts.org/kansas-courts/supreme-court/Orders/2013/2013SC62.pdf)	Filed June 12th, 2013	<i>"Policies developed to address the court's concerns should include enough flexibility to take into consideration that electronic devices have become a necessary tool for court observers, journalists, and participants and continue to rapidly change and evolve. The courts should champion the enhanced access and the transparency made possible by use of these devices while protecting the integrity of proceedings within the courtroom."</i>	- Court personnel, counsel of record, and pro se litigants: Using device during session (with sound off, sitting in a designated area) for things other than oral communication - ALL (Implied): Carrying device on person	- Court personnel, counsel of record, and pro se litigants: Using phone for oral communication during a session - ALL except for court personnel, counsel of record, and pro se litigants: Having device out, having device on, and using device in the courtroom	<i>"Violating this rule may result in the device being confiscated during the remainder of the proceeding."</i>	ALL except for court personnel, counsel of record, and pro se litigants: With permission from the presiding judge or justice, having device out, having device on, and using device in the courtroom	- Court personnel, counsel of record, and pro se litigants: Using device during a session for oral communication - ALL: Judge can disallow possession/use of electronic devices at a proceeding or during the testimony at any time	Not stated in policy	Rule 1001 (http://www.kscourts.org/rules/Media_Coverage/Rule%201001.pdf)
Maryland (Anne Arundel Circuit Court; Anne Arundel County, MD)	Rule 16-208 (http://www.circuitcourt.org/maryland-rule-16-110-cell-phones-other-electronic-devices-cameras)	Effective January 1st, 2011	Not stated	ALL: Carrying device in courthouse and using for sending/receiving calls/messages in court facility ("and for any other lawful purpose not otherwise prohibited")	- ALL: Taking photos/videos/etc. in a court facility - ALL: Transmitting photos/videos/etc. from or within a court facility - ALL: Possession of device in jury deliberation room - ALL (Implied): Using cell phone for audible functions ("sending/receiving calls") in or near courtroom	- <i>"Security personnel or other court personnel may confiscate and retain an electronic device that is used in violation of this Rule, subject to further order of the court or until the owner leaves the building."</i> - Contempt of court and sanctioned in accordance with the Rules in Title 15, Chapter 200.	- ALL: When in accordance with Rules 16-109, 16-405, and 16-504 or with express permission of local administrative judge, taking/transmitting photos/videos/etc. in/from/within a court facility - ALL: When in accordance with Rules 16-109, 16-405, and 16-504 or with express permission of presiding judge, having device on in a courtroom and using it to receive, transmit, or record sound, visual images, data or other information. - Attorneys, their employees, and agents: Making reasonable and lawful use of device in connection with the proceeding in a courtroom.	<i>"Upon a finding that the circumstances of a particular case raise special security or privacy issues that justify a restriction on the possession of electronic devices, the local administrative judge or the presiding judge may enter an order limiting or prohibiting the possession of electronic devices in a courtroom or other designated or other designated areas of the court facility. The order shall provide for notice of the designated areas and for the collection of the devices and their return when the individual who possessed the device leaves the courtroom or other area."</i>	- <i>"Notice [...] shall be posted prominently at the court facility; included on the main judiciary website and the website of each court; and disseminated to the public by any other means approved in an administrative order of the Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals."</i> - <i>"Notice that the possession and use of cell phones and other electronic devices may be limited or prohibited in designated areas of the court facility shall be included prominently on all summonses and notices of court proceedings."</i>	Rule 16-601 to 16-608 (https://mdcourts.gov/sites/default/files/rules/reports/178thsupplementpart1m%201001.pdf)
Virginia (Fairfax Circuit Court; Fairfax County, VA)	Case No. CM-2012-48700 (https://www.fairfaxcounty.gov/circuit/sites/circuit/files/assets/documents/pdf/ffx-cir-court-order-portable-electronic-devices.pdf)	Filed December 4th, 2012; Effective January 1st, 2013	Not stated	- ALL: Possession of device in courthouse - ALL: Use of device in common areas of courthouse (i.e. lobbies, corridors)	- ALL: Taking photos/videos or audio recording and transmitting/broadcasting any of these. - ALL: Using device or having volume on in a courtroom - JURORS: During term of service, (i) using device to communicate/transmit information about the case, and (ii) using device for research related to the case	Device may be confiscated, person may be ejected from the courthouse and/or found in contempt of court and subject to penalties as provided by law for contempt.	- ALL: Audio transmission in the form of an audio telephone call - ALL: With written permission of the court or other authorized officer, taking photos/videos or audio recording and transmitting/broadcasting any of these. - ALL: With express permission from the judge, using device in a courtroom	ALL: For the purposes of security, pedestrian traffic, decorum, order, the proper administration of justice, the court may impose a further restriction on the use of devices in common areas	Not stated in policy	§ 19.2-266 (https://law.lis.virginia.gov/vacode/title19.2/chapter15/section19.2-266/)